



Knowledge  
Graph Lab



# Expressive and Geometrically Interpretable Knowledge Graph Embeddings

Aleksandar Pavlović and Emanuel Sallinger

TU Wien

AIROV 2024



Knowledge  
Graph Lab



# Expressive and Geometrically Interpretable Knowledge Graph Embeddings

Aleksandar Pavlović and Emanuel Sallinger

TU Wien

ExpressivE, ICLR 2023



AIROV 2024



Knowledge  
Graph Lab



# Expressive and Geometrically Interpretable Knowledge Graph Embeddings

Aleksandar Pavlović and Emanuel Sallinger

TU Wien

ExpressivE, ICLR 2023



SpeedE, NAACL 2024



AIROV 2024

# Knowledge Graph Completion

- Knowledge graphs are highly incomplete
  - 75% of the triples of Freebase lack a nationality (West et al., 2014)

# Knowledge Graph Completion

- Knowledge graphs are highly incomplete
  - 75% of the triples of Freebase lack a nationality (West et al., 2014)
- Knowledge graph completion (KGC)
  - Automatically infer missing triples

# Knowledge Graph Completion

- Knowledge graphs are highly incomplete
  - 75% of the triples of Freebase lack a nationality (West et al., 2014)
- Knowledge graph completion (KGC)
  - Automatically infer missing triples
- Knowledge graph embedding models (KGEs)
  - Embed knowledge graphs into vector spaces

# Knowledge Graphs

# Knowledge Graphs

(head)

**Elisabeth**



# Knowledge Graphs

(head) **Elisabeth** **mother\_of** 

# Knowledge Graphs



# Knowledge Graph Embedding Models



# Knowledge Graph Embedding Models

- Functional Models
  - TransE (Bordes et al., 2013), RotatE (Sun et al., 2019)

(head)      **mother\_of**      (tail)  
**Elisabeth**       $\longrightarrow$       **Alice**

# Knowledge Graph Embedding Models

- Functional Models
  - TransE (Bordes et al., 2013), RotatE (Sun et al., 2019)

●  
**Elisabeth**

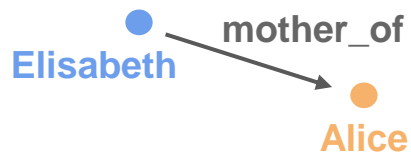
●  
**Alice**

(head)    **mother\_of**    (tail)  
**Elisabeth**     $\longrightarrow$     **Alice**

# Knowledge Graph Embedding Models

- Functional Models

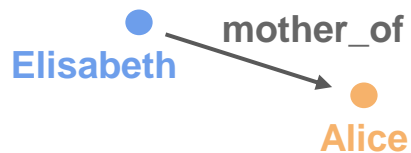
- TransE (Bordes et al., 2013), RotatE (Sun et al., 2019)



# Knowledge Graph Embedding Models

- Functional Models

- TransE (Bordes et al., 2013), RotatE (Sun et al., 2019)



- Spatial Models

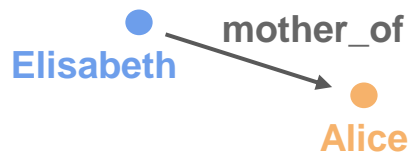
- BoxE (Abboud et al., 2020)



# Knowledge Graph Embedding Models

- Functional Models

- TransE (Bordes et al., 2013), RotatE (Sun et al., 2019)



- Spatial Models

- BoxE (Abboud et al., 2020)

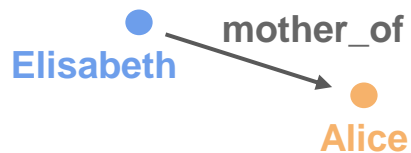




# Knowledge Graph Embedding Models

- Functional Models

- TransE (Bordes et al., 2013), RotatE (Sun et al., 2019)



- Spatial Models

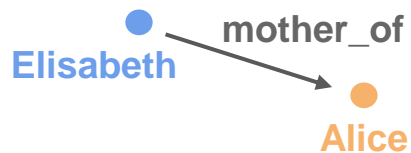
- BoxE (Abboud et al., 2020)



# Knowledge Graph Embedding Models

- Functional Models

- TransE (Bordes et al., 2013), RotatE (Sun et al., 2019)



- Spatial Models

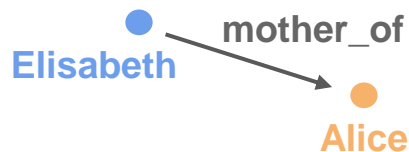
- BoxE (Abboud et al., 2020)



# Knowledge Graph Embedding Models

- Functional Models

- TransE (Bordes et al., 2013), RotatE (Sun et al., 2019)



- Spatial Models

- BoxE (Abboud et al., 2020)



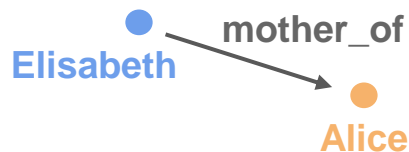
- Bilinear Models

- ComplEx (Trouillon et al., 2016), TuckER (Balazevic et al., 2019)

# Knowledge Graph Embedding Models

- Functional Models

- TransE (Bordes et al., 2013), RotatE (Sun et al., 2019)



- Spatial Models

- BoxE (Abboud et al., 2020)



- Bilinear Models

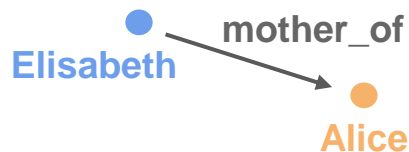
- ComplEx (Trouillon et al., 2016), TuckER (Balazevic et al., 2019)



# Knowledge Graph Embedding Models

- Functional Models

- TransE (Bordes et al., 2013), RotatE (Sun et al., 2019)



- Spatial Models

- BoxE (Abboud et al., 2020)



- Bilinear Models

- ComplEx (Trouillon et al., 2016), TuckER (Balazevic et al., 2019)



- Neural Models

# Inference Patterns

- Generalization capabilities

---

## Inference Pattern

---

Symmetry:  $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_1(Y, X)$

Anti-symmetry:  $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow \neg r_1(Y, X)$

Inversion:  $r_1(X, Y) \Leftrightarrow r_2(Y, X)$

Comp. def.:  $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Leftrightarrow r_3(X, Z)$

Gen. comp.:  $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Z)$

Hierarchy:  $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_2(X, Y)$

Intersection:  $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Y)$

Mutual exclusion:  $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow \perp$

---

# Inference Patterns

- Generalization capabilities
  - Analyzing inference patterns that can be captured by a model

---

## Inference Pattern

---

Symmetry:  $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_1(Y, X)$

Anti-symmetry:  $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow \neg r_1(Y, X)$

Inversion:  $r_1(X, Y) \Leftrightarrow r_2(Y, X)$

Comp. def.:  $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Leftrightarrow r_3(X, Z)$

Gen. comp.:  $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Z)$

Hierarchy:  $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_2(X, Y)$

Intersection:  $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Y)$

Mutual exclusion:  $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow \perp$

---

# Inference Patterns

- Generalization capabilities
  - Analyzing inference patterns that can be captured by a model
  - Hierarchy and composition are fundamental patterns that have been extensively studied:
    - (Bordes et al., 2013; Sun et al., 2019; Zhang et al., 2019; Lu & Hu, 2020, Yang et al., 2015a; Trouillon et al., 2016; Kazemi & Poole, 2018; Abboud et al., 2020)

---

## Inference Pattern

---

Symmetry:  $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_1(Y, X)$

Anti-symmetry:  $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow \neg r_1(Y, X)$

Inversion:  $r_1(X, Y) \Leftrightarrow r_2(Y, X)$

Comp. def.:  $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Leftrightarrow r_3(X, Z)$

Gen. comp.:  $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Z)$

Hierarchy:  $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_2(X, Y)$

Intersection:  $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Y)$

Mutual exclusion:  $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow \perp$

---



# Inference Patterns

- Bilinear and Spatial Models
  - **Can** represent **hierarchy patterns** (Trouillon et al., 2016; Abboud et al., 2020)

Inference Pattern	BoxE	Complex	DistMult
Symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✓
Anti-symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow \neg r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✗
Inversion: $r_1(X, Y) \Leftrightarrow r_2(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✗
Comp. def.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Leftrightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✗	✗	✗
Gen. comp.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✗	✗	✗
Hierarchy: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_2(X, Y)$	✓	✓	✓
Intersection: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Y)$	✓	✗	✗
Mutual exclusion: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow \perp$	✓	✓	✓

# Inference Patterns

- Bilinear and Spatial Models

- **Can** represent **hierarchy patterns** (Trouillon et al., 2016; Abboud et al., 2020)

**X mother\_of Y  $\Rightarrow$  X parent\_of Y**

Inference Pattern	BoxE	Complex	DistMult
Symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✓
Anti-symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow \neg r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✗
Inversion: $r_1(X, Y) \Leftrightarrow r_2(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✗
Comp. def.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Leftrightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✗	✗	✗
Gen. comp.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✗	✗	✗
Hierarchy: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_2(X, Y)$	✓	✓	✓
Intersection: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Y)$	✓	✗	✗
Mutual exclusion: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow \perp$	✓	✓	✓

# Inference Patterns

- Bilinear and Spatial Models

- **Can** represent **hierarchy patterns** (Trouillon et al., 2016; Abboud et al., 2020)
- **Cannot** represent any notion of **composition** (Sun et al., 2019; Abboud et al., 2020)

**X mother\_of Y  $\Rightarrow$  X parent\_of Y**

Inference Pattern	BoxE	Complex	DistMult
Symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✓
Anti-symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow \neg r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✗
Inversion: $r_1(X, Y) \Leftrightarrow r_2(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✗
Comp. def.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Leftrightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✗	✗	✗
Gen. comp.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✗	✗	✗
Hierarchy: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_2(X, Y)$	✓	✓	✓
Intersection: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Y)$	✓	✗	✗
Mutual exclusion: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow \perp$	✓	✓	✓

# Inference Patterns

- Bilinear and Spatial Models

- **Can** represent **hierarchy patterns** (Trouillon et al., 2016; Abboud et al., 2020)
- **Cannot** represent any notion of **composition** (Sun et al., 2019; Abboud et al., 2020)

**X mother\_of Y  $\wedge$  Y parent\_of Z  $\Leftrightarrow$  X grand\_mother\_of Z**

Inference Pattern	BoxE	Complex	DistMult
Symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✓
Anti-symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow \neg r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✗
Inversion: $r_1(X, Y) \Leftrightarrow r_2(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✗
Comp. def.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Leftrightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✗	✗	✗
Gen. comp.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✗	✗	✗
Hierarchy: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_2(X, Y)$	✓	✓	✓
Intersection: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Y)$	✓	✗	✗
Mutual exclusion: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow \perp$	✓	✓	✓

# Inference Patterns

- Functional Models

- **Can** represent a **limited** notion of **composition** (Zhang et al., 2019; Abboud et al., 2020; Lu & Hu, 2020; Gao et al., 2020)

**X mother\_of Y  $\wedge$  Y parent\_of Z  $\Leftrightarrow$  X grand\_mother\_of Z**

Inference Pattern	RotatE	TransE
Symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✗
Anti-symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow \neg r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✓
Inversion: $r_1(X, Y) \Leftrightarrow r_2(Y, X)$	✓	✓
Comp. def.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Leftrightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✓	✓
Gen. comp.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✗	✗
Hierarchy: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_2(X, Y)$	✗	✗
Intersection: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Y)$	✓	✓
Mutual exclusion: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow \perp$	✓	✓

# Inference Patterns

- Functional Models

- **Can** represent a **limited** notion of **composition** (Zhang et al., 2019; Abboud et al., 2020; Lu & Hu, 2020; Gao et al., 2020)

**X mother\_of Y  $\wedge$  Y parent\_of Z  $\Rightarrow$  X grand\_parent\_of Z**  
**X father\_of Y  $\wedge$  Y parent\_of Z  $\Rightarrow$  X grand\_parent\_of Z**

Inference Pattern	RotatE	TransE
Symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✗
Anti-symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow \neg r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✓
Inversion: $r_1(X, Y) \Leftrightarrow r_2(Y, X)$	✓	✓
Comp. def.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Leftrightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✓	✓
Gen. comp.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✗	✗
Hierarchy: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_2(X, Y)$	✗	✗
Intersection: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Y)$	✓	✓
Mutual exclusion: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow \perp$	✓	✓

# Inference Patterns

- Functional Models

- **Can** represent a **limited** notion of **composition** (Zhang et al., 2019; Abboud et al., 2020; Lu & Hu, 2020; Gao et al., 2020)

**X mother\_of Y  $\wedge$  Y parent\_of Z  $\Rightarrow$  X grand\_parent\_of Z**  
**X father\_of Y  $\wedge$  Y parent\_of Z  $\Rightarrow$  X grand\_parent\_of Z**

**mother\_of**  
**=**  
**father\_of**

(Abboud et al., 2020)

Inference Pattern	RotatE	TransE
Symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✗
Anti-symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow \neg r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✓
Inversion: $r_1(X, Y) \Leftrightarrow r_2(Y, X)$	✓	✓
Comp. def.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Leftrightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✓	✓
Gen. comp.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✗	✗
Hierarchy: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_2(X, Y)$	✗	✗
Intersection: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Y)$	✓	✓
Mutual exclusion: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow \perp$	✓	✓

# Inference Patterns

- Functional Models
  - **Can** represent a **limited** notion of **composition** (Zhang et al., 2019; Abboud et al., 2020; Lu & Hu, 2020; Gao et al., 2020)
  - **Cannot** represent any notion of **hierarchy** (Abboud et al., 2020)

Inference Pattern	RotatE	TransE
Symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✗
Anti-symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow \neg r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✓
Inversion: $r_1(X, Y) \Leftrightarrow r_2(Y, X)$	✓	✓
Comp. def.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Leftrightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✓	✓
Gen. comp.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✗	✗
Hierarchy: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_2(X, Y)$	✗	✗
Intersection: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Y)$	✓	✓
Mutual exclusion: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow \perp$	✓	✓



# Challenge: Inference Patterns

Inference Pattern	RotatE	TransE	BoxE	Complex	DistMult
Symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓
Anti-symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow \neg r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
Inversion: $r_1(X, Y) \Leftrightarrow r_2(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
Comp. def.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Leftrightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Gen. comp.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Hierarchy: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_2(X, Y)$	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
Intersection: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Y)$	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
Mutual exclusion: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow \perp$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

# Challenge: Inference Patterns

- Challenge 1:
  - Contemporary KGEs cannot capture **general** composition

Inference Pattern	RotatE	TransE	BoxE	Complex	DistMult
Symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓
Anti-symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow \neg r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
Inversion: $r_1(X, Y) \Leftrightarrow r_2(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
Comp. def.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Leftrightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Gen. comp.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Hierarchy: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_2(X, Y)$	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
Intersection: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Y)$	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
Mutual exclusion: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow \perp$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

# Challenge: Inference Patterns

- Challenge 1:
  - Contemporary KGEs cannot capture **general** composition
- Challenge 2:
  - Capturing composition **and** hierarchy jointly is an open problem

Inference Pattern	RotatE	TransE	BoxE	Complex	DistMult
Symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓
Anti-symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow \neg r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
Inversion: $r_1(X, Y) \Leftrightarrow r_2(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
Comp. def.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Leftrightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Gen. comp.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Hierarchy: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_2(X, Y)$	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
Intersection: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Y)$	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
Mutual exclusion: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow \perp$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

# Challenge: Inference Patterns

- Challenge 1:
  - Contemporary KGEs cannot capture **general** composition
- Challenge 2:
  - Capturing composition **and** hierarchy jointly is an open problem

Inference Pattern	ExpressivE	RotatE	TransE	BoxE	Complex	DistMult
Symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓
Anti-symmetry: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow \neg r_1(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
Inversion: $r_1(X, Y) \Leftrightarrow r_2(Y, X)$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
Comp. def.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Leftrightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Gen. comp.: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(Y, Z) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Z)$	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Hierarchy: $r_1(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_2(X, Y)$	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
Intersection: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow r_3(X, Y)$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
Mutual exclusion: $r_1(X, Y) \wedge r_2(X, Y) \Rightarrow \perp$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

# Challenge: Expressiveness

- Spatial and Bilinear Models
  - **Are** fully expressive (except DistMult (Yang et al., 2015a))

# Challenge: Expressiveness

- Spatial and Bilinear Models
  - **Are** fully expressive (except DistMult (Yang et al., 2015a))
- Functional Models
  - Not fully expressive, i.e., **cannot** represent any arbitrary knowledge graph
  - **Struggle** with one-to-many, many-to-one, and many-to-many relations

# Challenge: Expressiveness

- Spatial and Bilinear Models
  - **Are** fully expressive (except DistMult (Yang et al., 2015a))
- Functional Models
  - Not fully expressive, i.e., **cannot** represent any arbitrary knowledge graph
  - **Struggle** with one-to-many, many-to-one, and many-to-many relations
- Challenge 3:
  - Model that **is** fully expressive
  - **Can** handle one-to-many, many-to-one, and many-to-many relations
  - While **keeping** the ability of functional models to capture composition

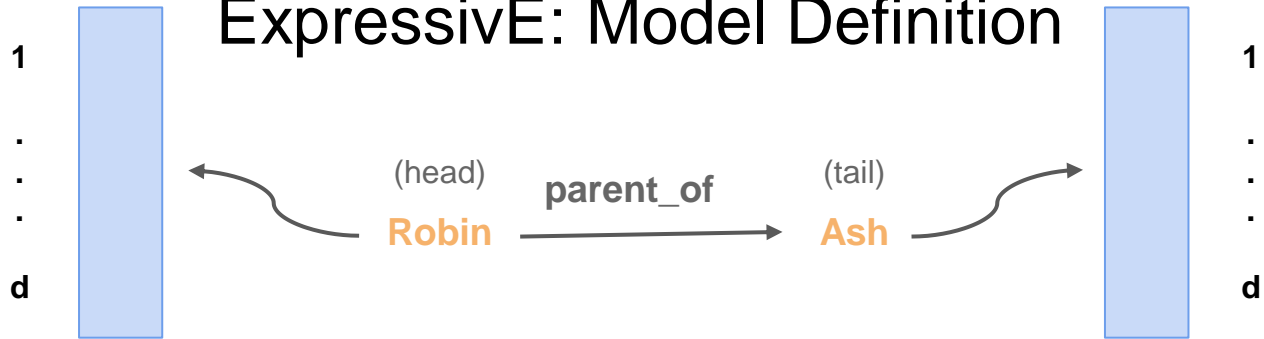
# ExpressivE: Model Definition



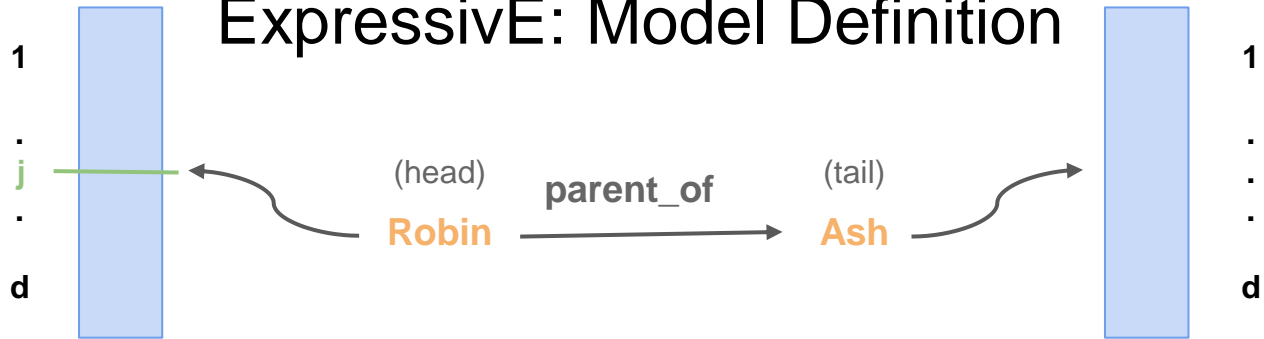
# ExpressivE: Model Definition



# ExpressivE: Model Definition



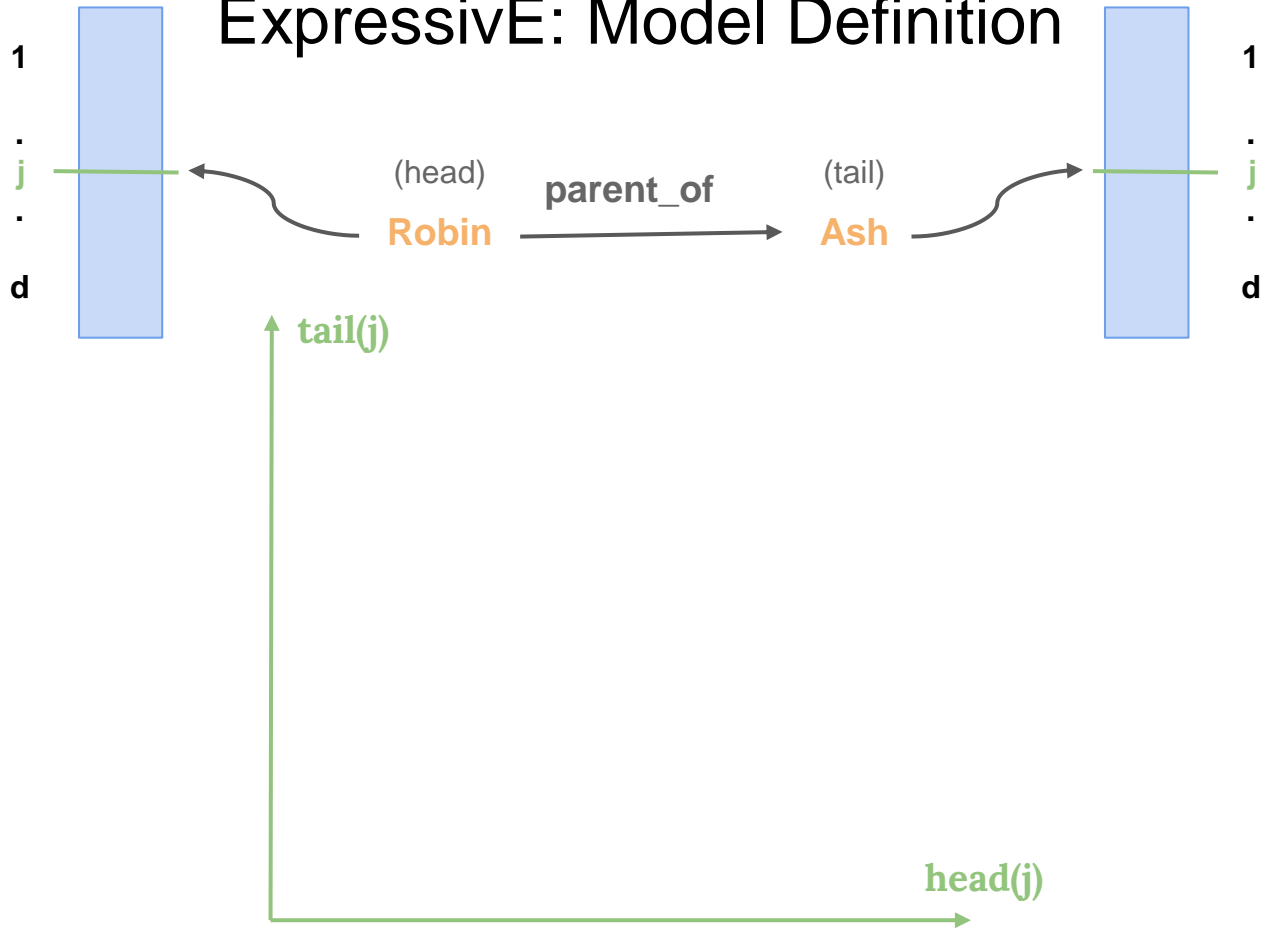
# ExpressivE: Model Definition



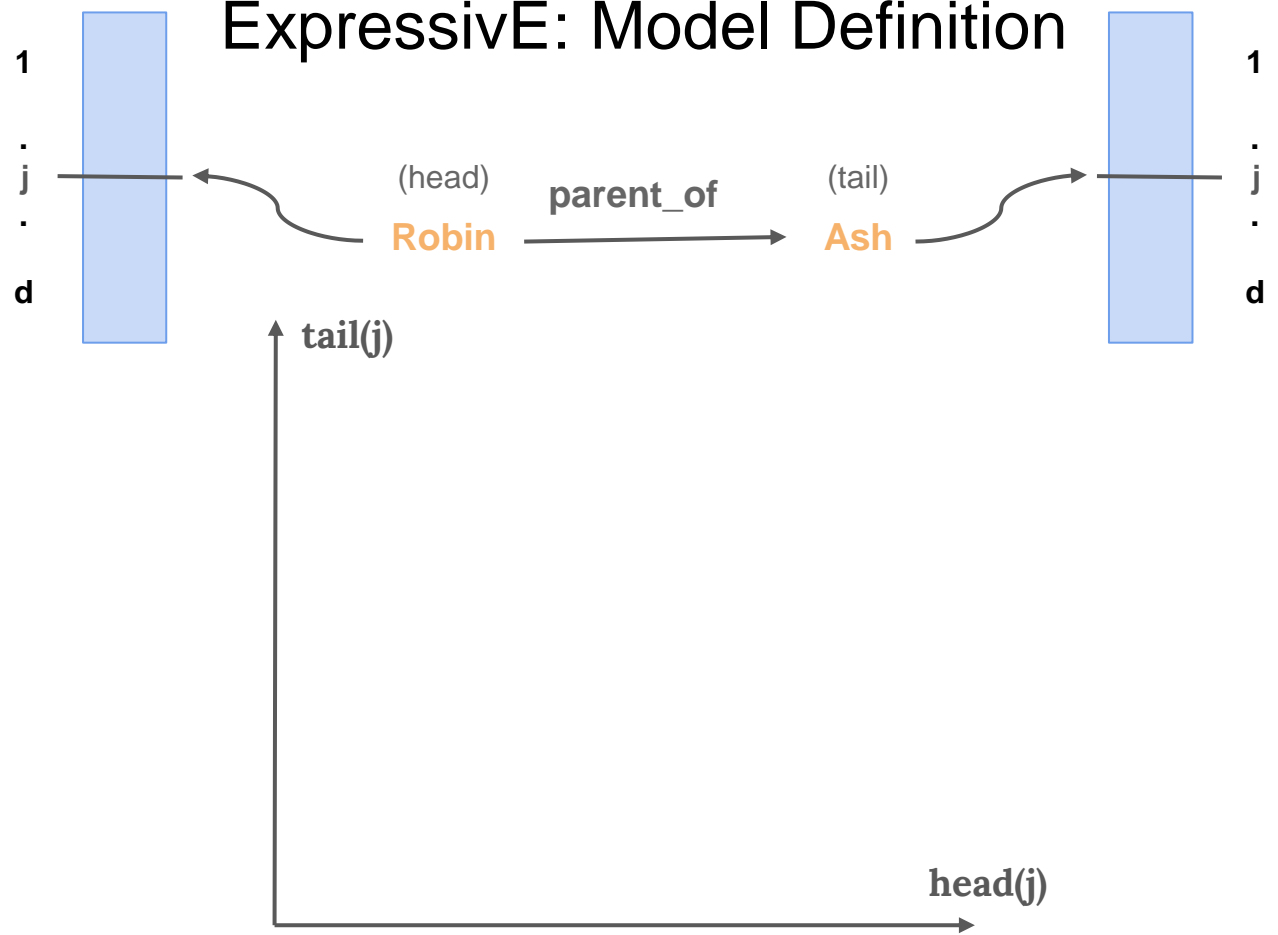
head(j)



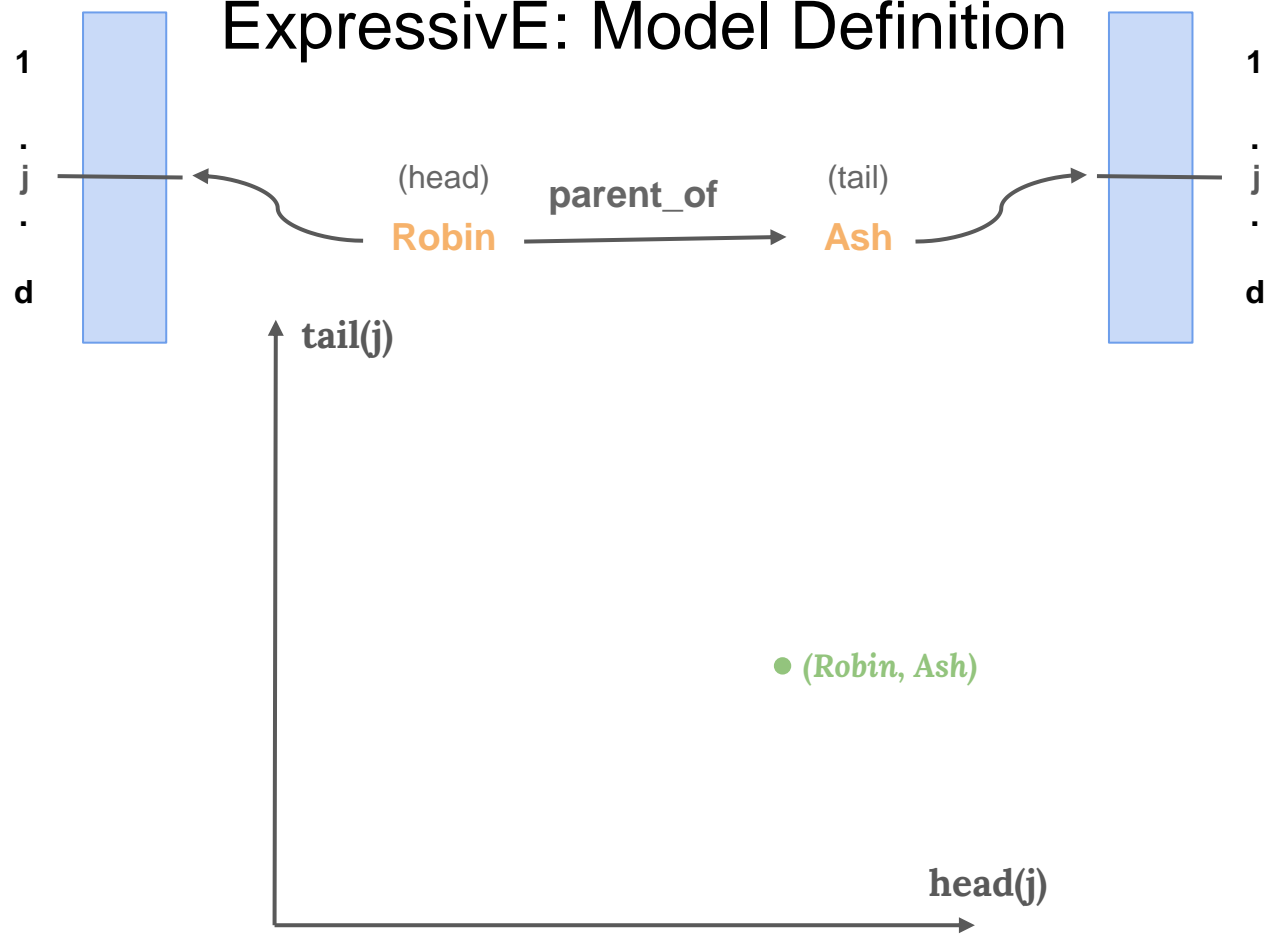
# ExpressivE: Model Definition



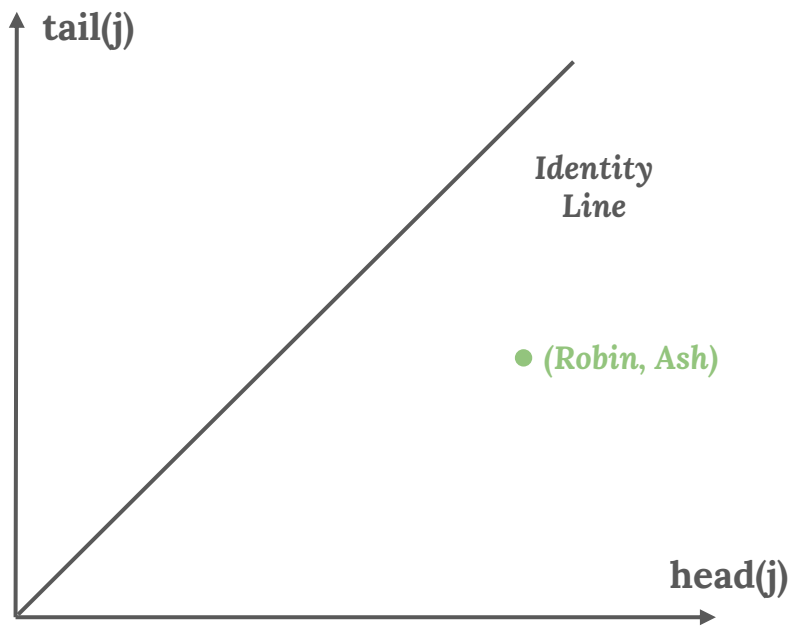
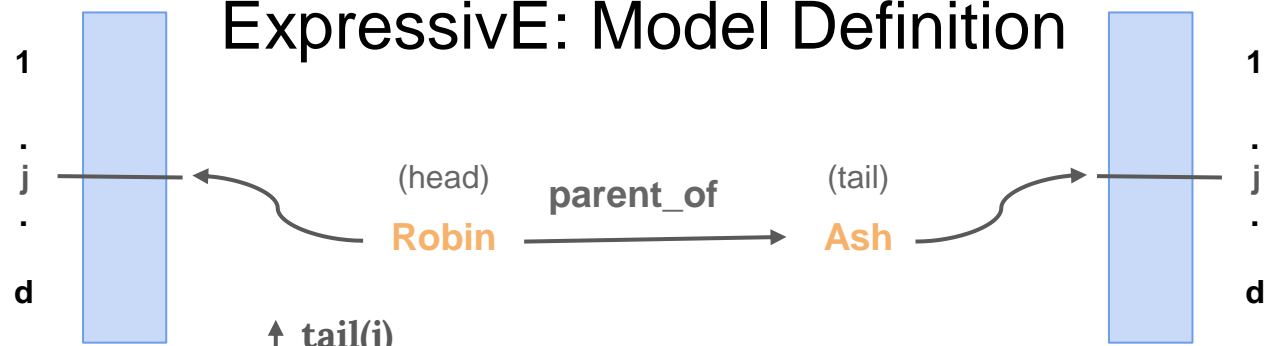
# ExpressivE: Model Definition



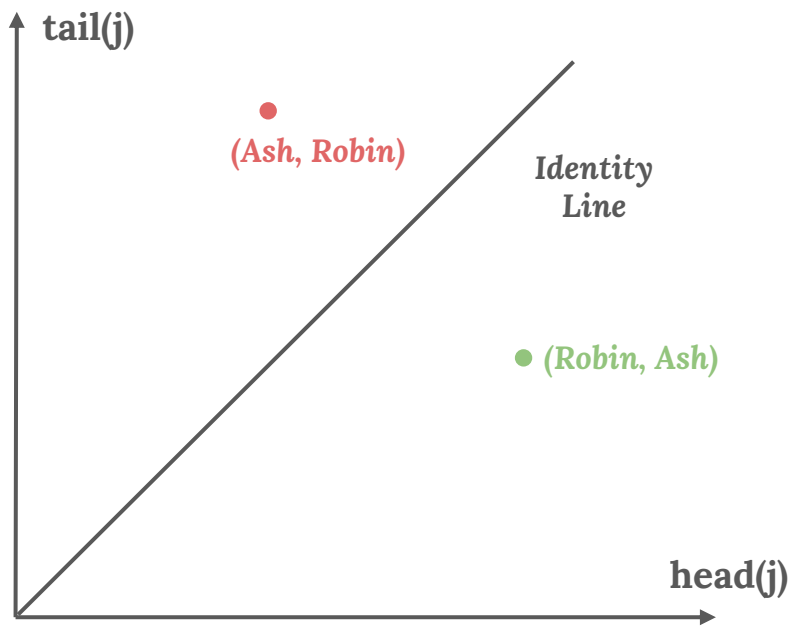
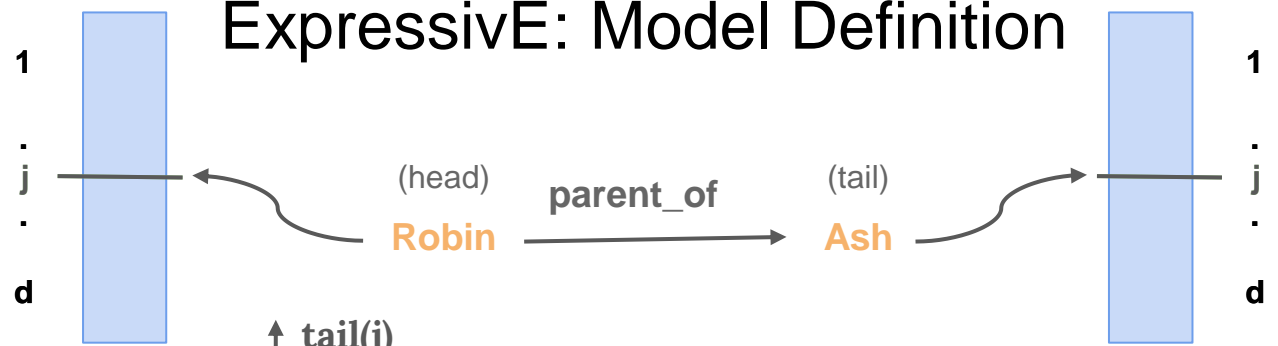
# ExpressivE: Model Definition



# ExpressivE: Model Definition

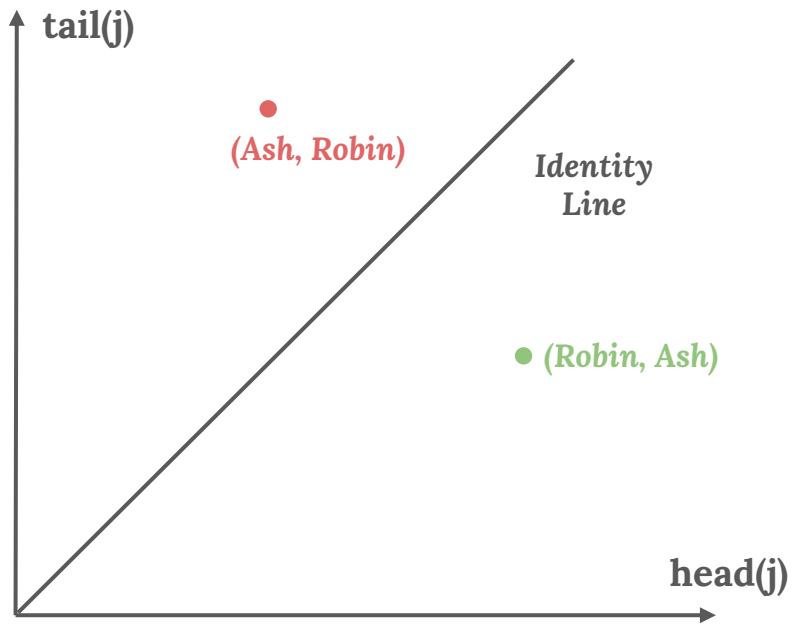
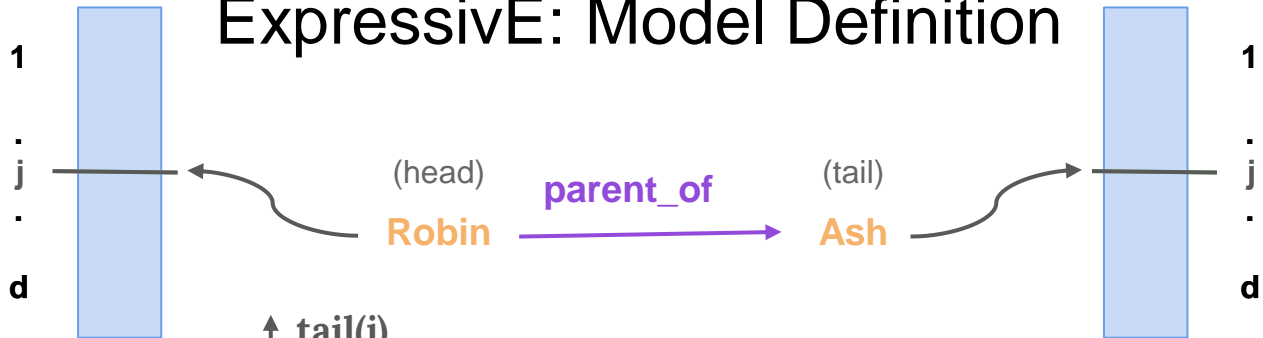


# ExpressivE: Model Definition

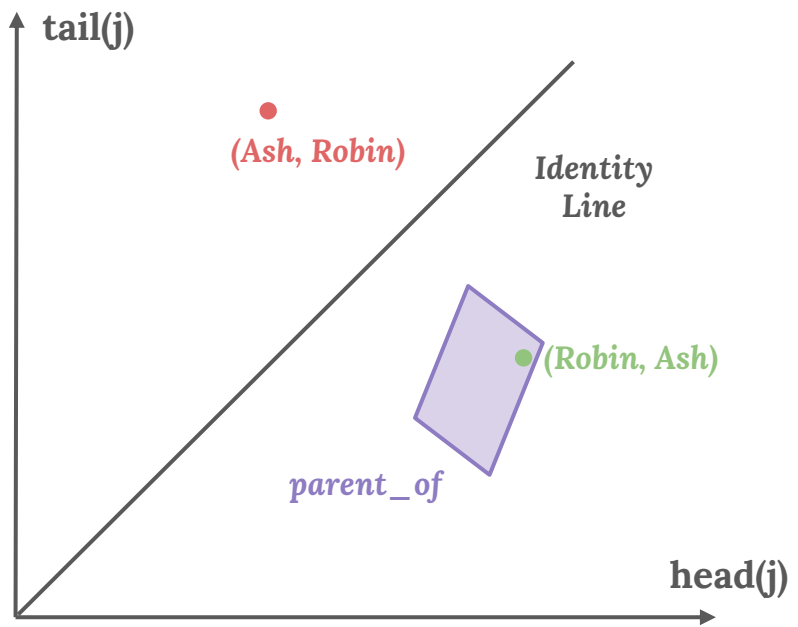
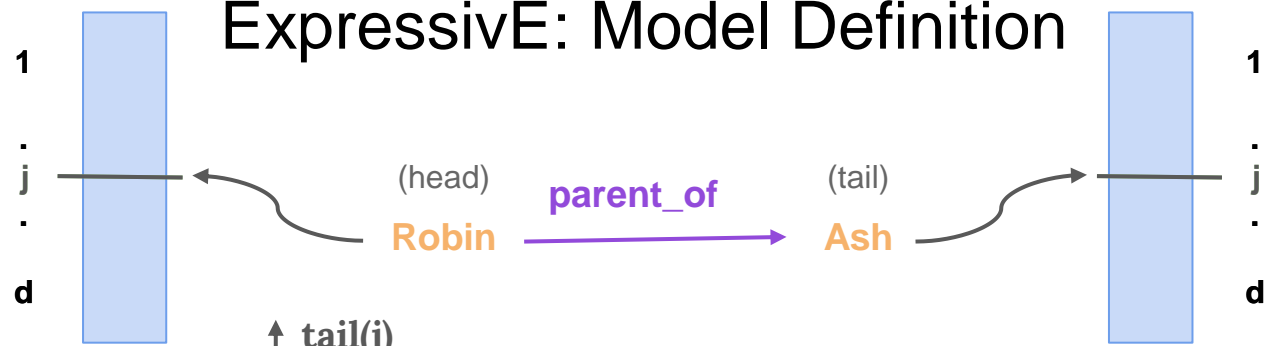




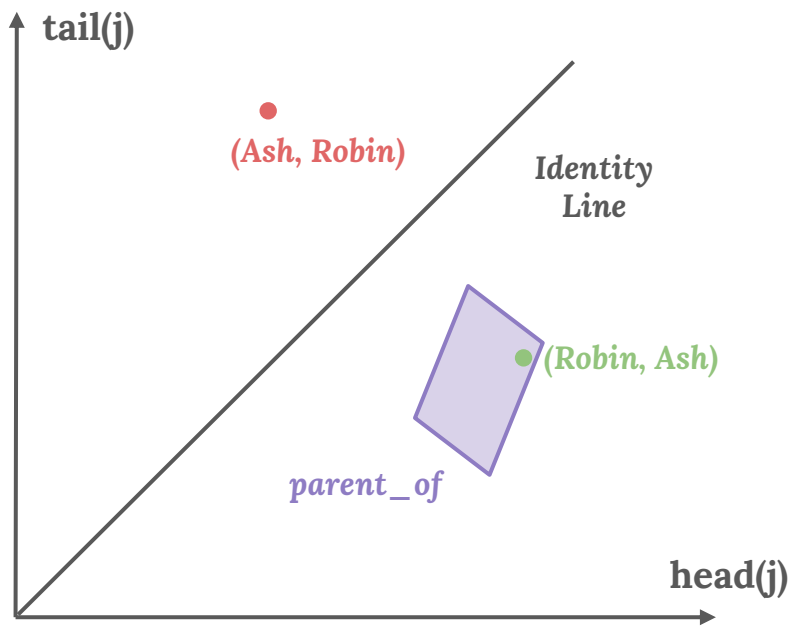
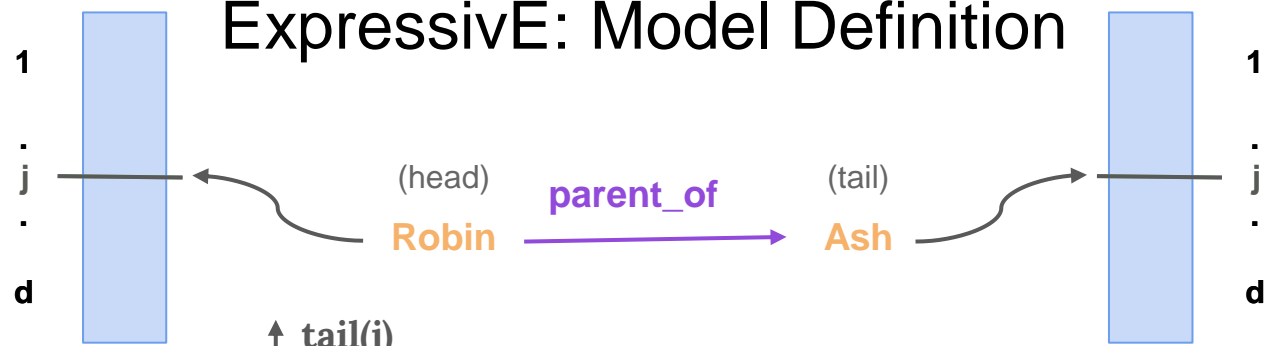
# ExpressivE: Model Definition



# ExpressivE: Model Definition

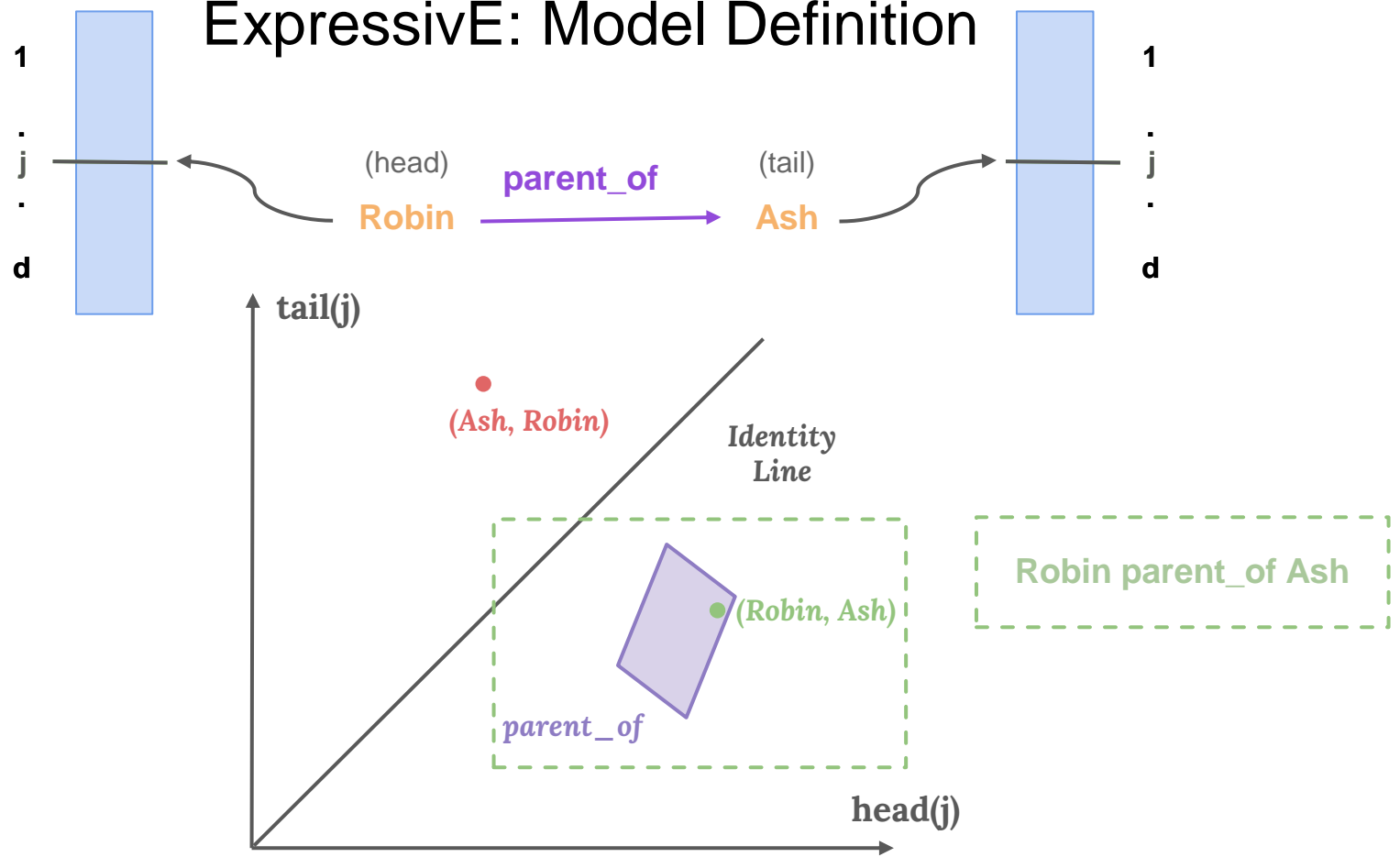


# ExpressivE: Model Definition

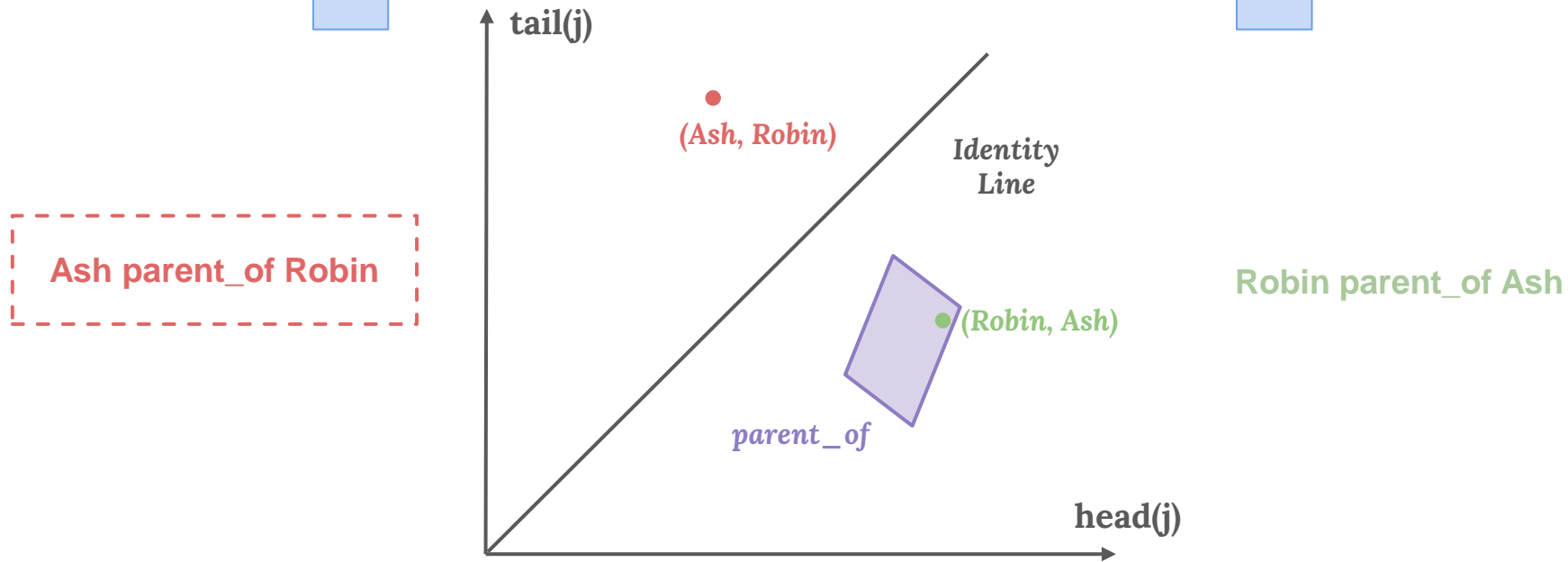
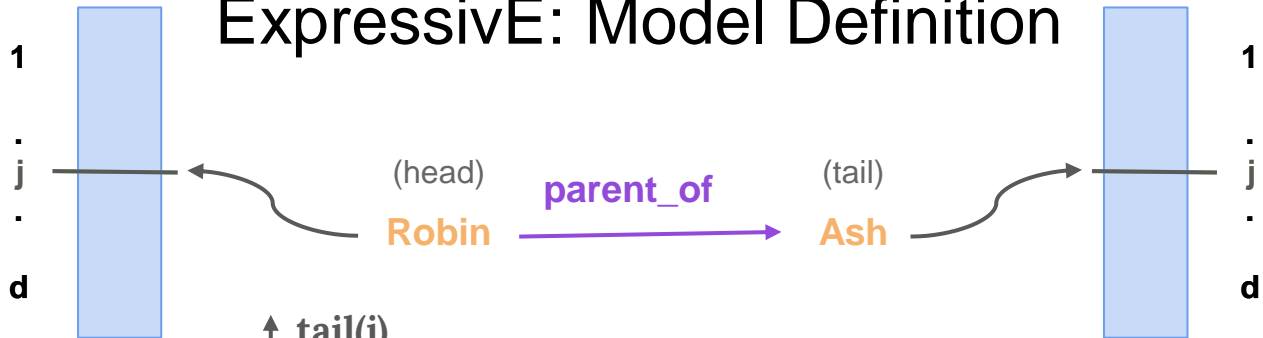


Robin parent\_of Ash

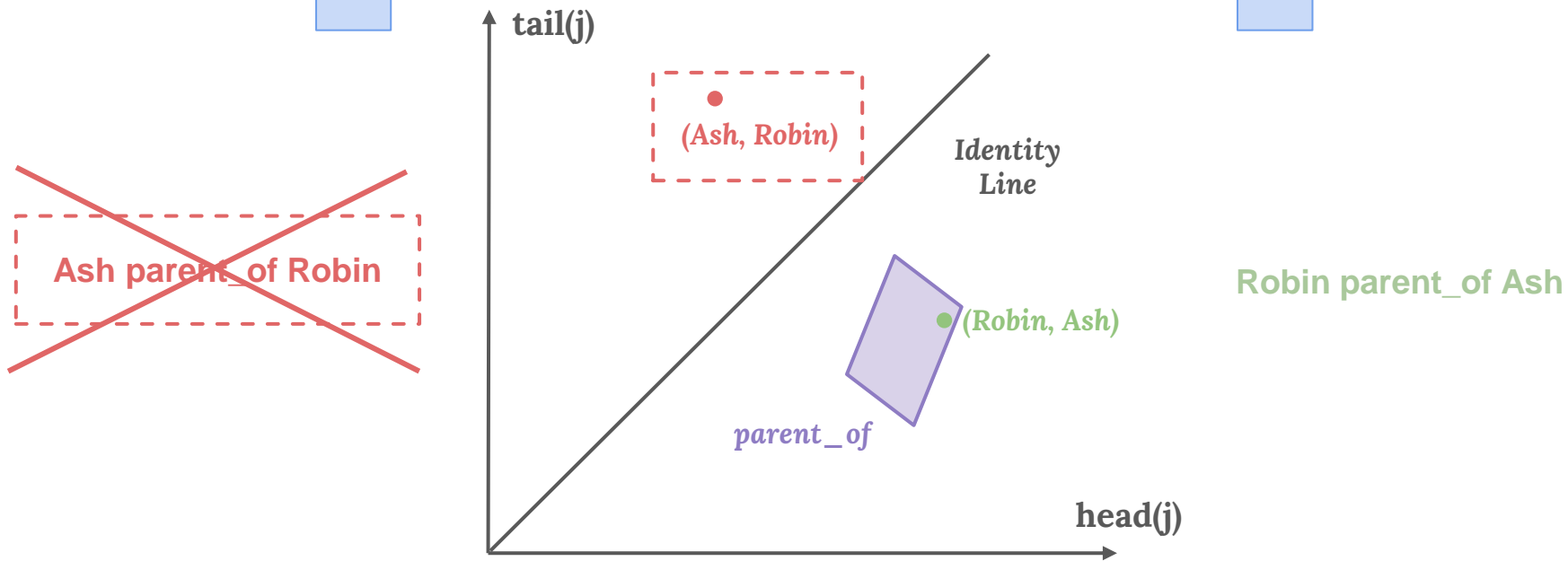
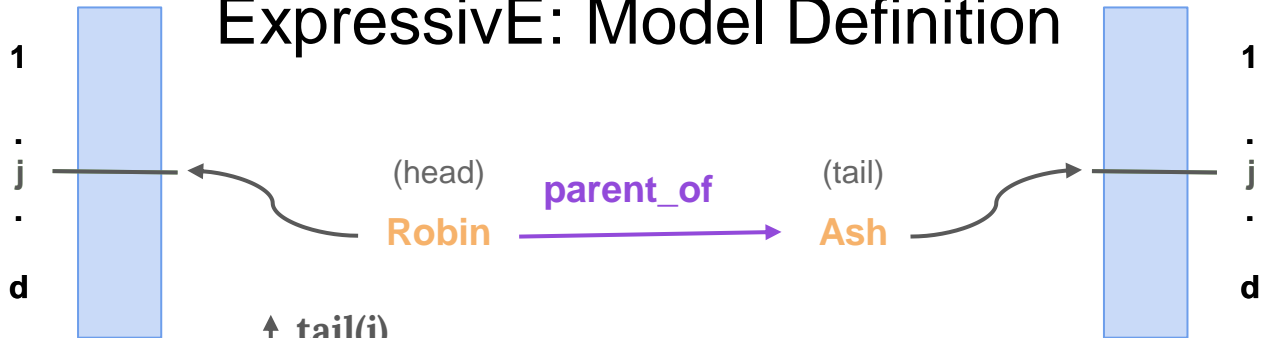
# ExpressivE: Model Definition



# ExpressivE: Model Definition



# ExpressivE: Model Definition



# Fully Expressiveness

**Theorem 5.1 (Expressive Power)** *ExpressivE can capture any arbitrary graph  $G$  over  $\mathbf{R}$  and  $\mathbf{E}$  if the embedding dimensionality  $d$  is at least in  $O(|\mathbf{E}| * |\mathbf{R}|)$ .*

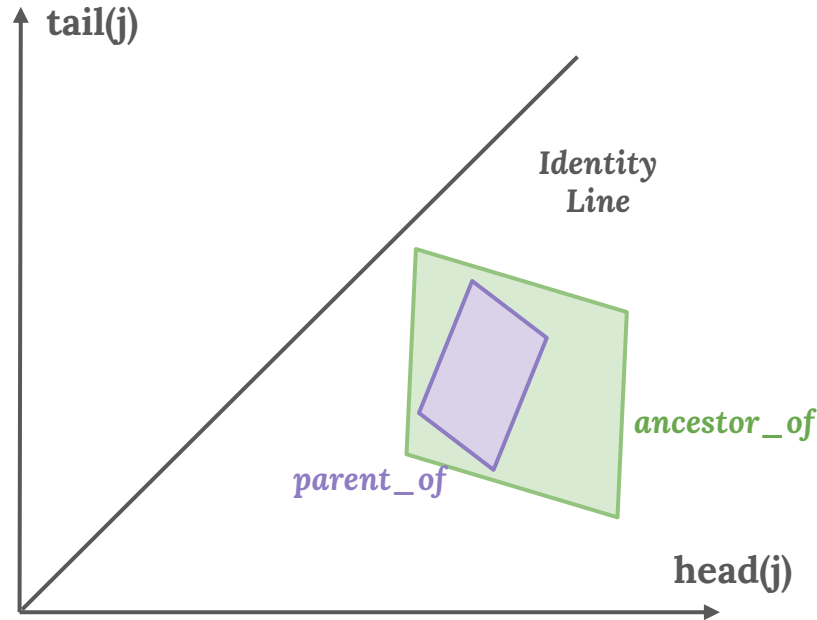
# Generalization Capabilities

**Theorem 5.2** *ExpressivE captures (a) symmetry, (b) anti-symmetry, (c) inversion, (d) hierarchy, (e) intersection, and (f) mutual exclusion.*



# Generalization Capabilities

**Theorem 5.2** *ExpressivE captures (a) symmetry, (b) anti-symmetry, (c) inversion, (d) hierarchy, (e) intersection, and (f) mutual exclusion.*



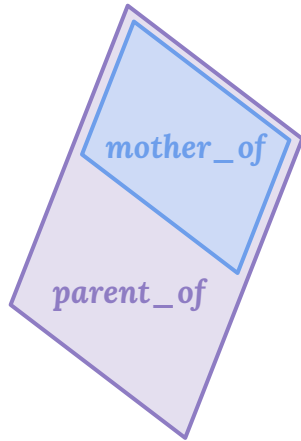
# Composition

**Theorem 5.4** *ExpressivE captures compositional definition and general composition.*

# Composition

**Theorem 5.4** *ExpressivE captures compositional definition and general composition.*

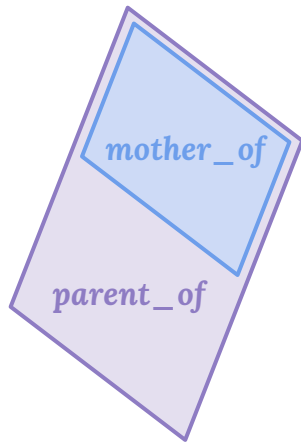
$$X \text{ mother\_of } Y \wedge Y \text{ parent\_of } Z \Leftrightarrow X \text{ grand\_mother\_of } Z$$



# Composition

**Theorem 5.4** *ExpressivE captures compositional definition and general composition.*

$X \text{ mother\_of } Y \wedge Y \text{ parent\_of } Z \Leftrightarrow X \text{ grand\_mother\_of } Z$



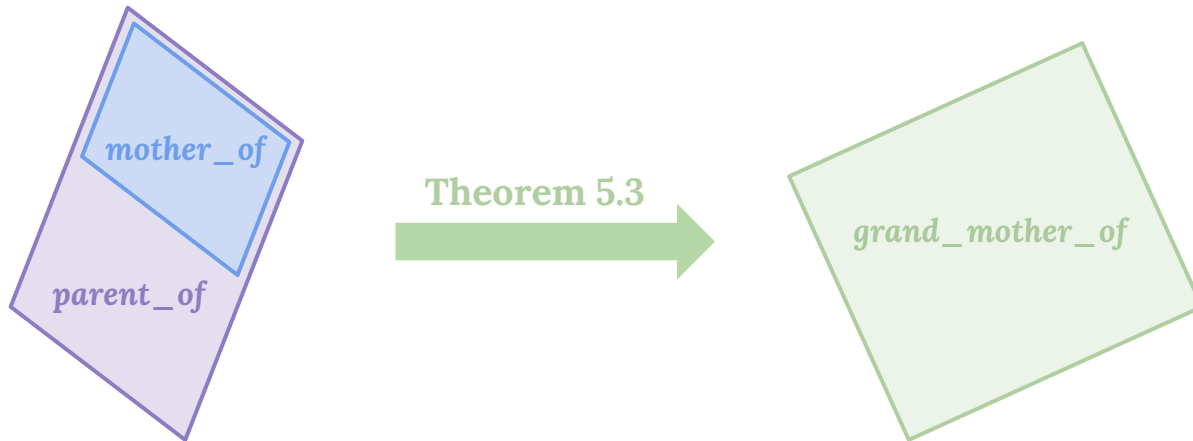
Theorem 5.3



# Composition

**Theorem 5.4** *ExpressivE captures compositional definition and general composition.*

$X \text{ mother\_of } Y \wedge Y \text{ parent\_of } Z \Leftrightarrow X \text{ grand\_mother\_of } Z$



# Composition

**Theorem 5.4** *ExpressivE captures compositional definition and general composition.*

$X \text{ mother\_of } Y \wedge Y \text{ parent\_of } Z \Leftrightarrow X \text{ grand\_mother\_of } Z$

$X \text{ father\_of } Y \wedge Y \text{ parent\_of } Z \Leftrightarrow X \text{ grand\_father\_of } Z$



*grand\_mother\_of*

# Composition

**Theorem 5.4** *ExpressivE captures compositional definition and general composition.*

$X \text{ mother\_of } Y \wedge Y \text{ parent\_of } Z \Leftrightarrow X \text{ grand\_mother\_of } Z$

$X \text{ father\_of } Y \wedge Y \text{ parent\_of } Z \Leftrightarrow X \text{ grand\_father\_of } Z$



*grand\_father\_of*



*grand\_mother\_of*

# Composition

**Theorem 5.4** *ExpressivE captures compositional definition and general composition.*

$X \text{ mother\_of } Y \wedge Y \text{ parent\_of } Z \Rightarrow X \text{ grand\_parent\_of } Z$

$X \text{ father\_of } Y \wedge Y \text{ parent\_of } Z \Rightarrow X \text{ grand\_parent\_of } Z$



*grand\_father\_of*



*grand\_mother\_of*

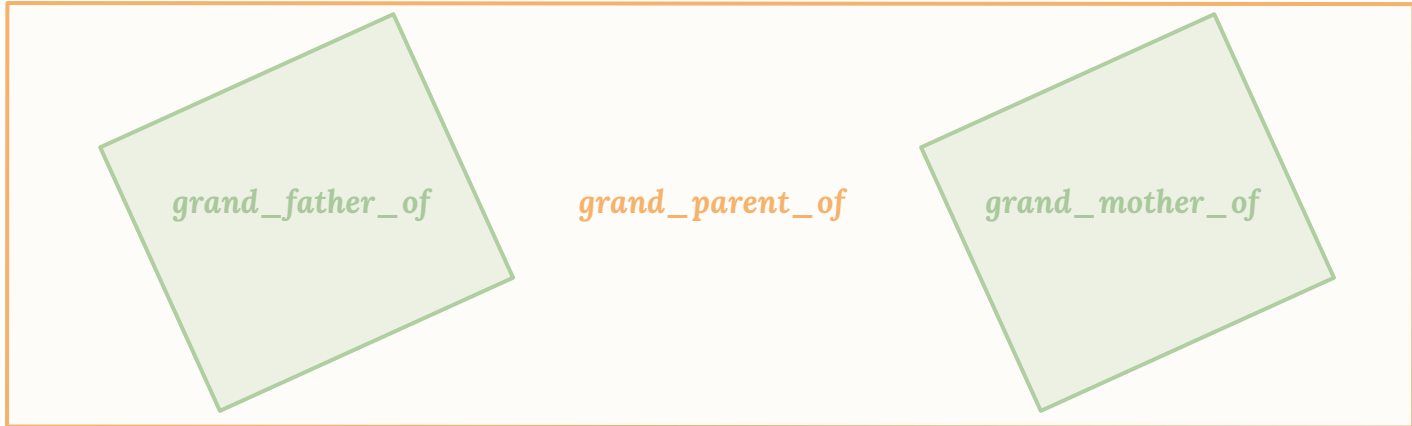


# Composition

**Theorem 5.4** *ExpressivE captures compositional definition and general composition.*

$X \text{ mother\_of } Y \wedge Y \text{ parent\_of } Z \Rightarrow X \text{ grand\_parent\_of } Z$

$X \text{ father\_of } Y \wedge Y \text{ parent\_of } Z \Rightarrow X \text{ grand\_parent\_of } Z$



# Evaluation on KGC

Family	Model	WN18RR				FB15k-237			
		H@1	H@3	H@10	MRR	H@1	H@3	H@10	MRR
Func. & Spatial	Base ExpressivE	<b>.464</b>	<b>.522</b>	.597	<b>.508</b>	.243	.366	.512	.333
	Func. ExpressivE	.407	.519	<b>.619</b>	.482	<b>.256</b>	<b>.387</b>	.535	<b>.350</b>
	BoxE	.400	.472	.541	.451	.238	.374	<b>.538</b>	.337
	RotatE	.428	.492	.571	.476	.241	.375	.533	.338
	TransE	.013	.401	.529	.223	.233	.372	.531	.332
Bilinear	DistMult	-	-	.531	.452	-	-	.531	.343
	ComplEx	-	-	<b>.547</b>	<b>.475</b>	-	-	.536	.348
	TuckER	<b>.443</b>	<b>.482</b>	.526	.470	<b>.266</b>	<b>.394</b>	<b>.544</b>	<b>.358</b>

**Best-published MRR and Hit@K:**

BoxE: (Abboud et al., 2020)

TransE and RotatE: (Sun et al., 2019)

TuckER: (Balazevic et al., 2019)

DistMult and ComplEx: (Ruffinelli et al., 2020; Yang et al., 2015b)

# Evaluation on KGC

Family	Model	WN18RR				FB15k-237			
		H@1	H@3	H@10	MRR	H@1	H@3	H@10	MRR
Func. & Spatial	Base ExpressivE	<b>.464</b>	<b>.522</b>	.597	<b>.508</b>	.243	.366	.512	.333
	Func. ExpressivE	.407	.519	<b>.619</b>	.482	<b>.256</b>	<b>.387</b>	.535	<b>.350</b>
	BoxE	.400	.472	.541	.451	.238	.374	<b>.538</b>	.337
	RotatE	.428	.492	.571	.476	.241	.375	.533	.338
	TransE	.013	.401	.529	.223	.233	.372	.531	.332
Bilinear	DistMult	-	-	.531	.452	-	-	.531	.345
	ComplEx	-	-	<b>.547</b>	<b>.475</b>	-	-	.536	.348
	TuckER	<b>.443</b>	<b>.482</b>	.526	.470	<b>.266</b>	<b>.394</b>	<b>.544</b>	<b>.358</b>

**Best-published MRR and Hit@K:**

BoxE: (Abboud et al., 2020)

TransE and RotatE: (Sun et al., 2019)

TuckER: (Balazevic et al., 2019)

DistMult and ComplEx: (Ruffinelli et al., 2020; Yang et al., 2015b)

# Evaluation on KGC

Family	Model	WN18RR				FB15k-237			
		H@1	H@3	H@10	MRR	H@1	H@3	H@10	MRR
Func. & Spatial	Base ExpressivE	<b>.464</b>	<b>.522</b>	.597	<b>.508</b>	.243	.366	.512	.333
	Func. ExpressivE	.407	.519	<b>.619</b>	.482	<b>.256</b>	<b>.387</b>	.535	<b>.350</b>
	BoxE	.400	.472	.541	.451	.238	.374	<b>.538</b>	.337
	RotatE	.428	.492	.571	.476	.241	.375	.533	.338
	TransE	.013	.401	.529	.223	.233	.372	.531	.332
Bilinear	DistMult	-	-	.531	.452	-	-	.531	.343
	ComplEx	-	-	<b>.547</b>	<b>.475</b>	-	-	.536	.348
	TuckER	<b>.443</b>	<b>.482</b>	.526	.470	<b>.266</b>	<b>.394</b>	<b>.544</b>	<b>.358</b>

**Best-published MRR and Hit@K:**

BoxE: (Abboud et al., 2020)

TransE and RotatE: (Sun et al., 2019)

TuckER: (Balazevic et al., 2019)

DistMult and ComplEx: (Ruffinelli et al., 2020; Yang et al., 2015b)

# Evaluation on KGC

Family	Model	WN18RR				FB15k-237			
		H@1	H@3	H@10	MRR	H@1	H@3	H@10	MRR
Func. & Spatial	Base ExpressivE	<b>.464</b>	<b>.522</b>	.597	<b>.508</b>	.243	.366	.512	.333
	Func. ExpressivE	.407	.519	<b>.619</b>	.482	<b>.256</b>	<b>.387</b>	.535	<b>.350</b>
	BoxE	.400	.472	.541	.451	.238	.374	<b>.538</b>	.337
	RotatE	.428	.492	.571	.476	.241	.375	.533	.338
	TransE	.013	.401	.529	.223	.233	.372	.531	.332
Bilinear	DistMult	-	-	.531	.452	-	-	.531	.343
	ComplEx	-	-	<b>.547</b>	<b>.475</b>	-	-	.536	.348
	TuckER	<b>.443</b>	<b>.482</b>	.526	.470	<b>.266</b>	<b>.394</b>	<b>.544</b>	<b>.358</b>

Benchmark	Dimensionality	ExpressivE	BoxE	RotatE
WN18RR	500	<b>467MB</b>	930MB	930MB
FB15k-237	1000	<b>366MB</b>	687MB	687MB

Best-published MRR and Hit@K:

BoxE: (Abboud et al., 2020)

TransE and RotatE: (Sun et al., 2019)

TuckER: (Balazevic et al., 2019)

DistMult and ComplEx: (Ruffinelli et al., 2020; Yang et al., 2015b)

# Evaluation on KGC

Family	Model	WN18RR				FB15k-237			
		H@1	H@3	H@10	MRR	H@1	H@3	H@10	MRR
Func. & Spatial	Base ExpressivE	<b>.464</b>	<b>.522</b>	.597	<b>.508</b>	.243	.366	.512	.333
	Func. ExpressivE	.407	.519	<b>.619</b>	.482	<b>.256</b>	<b>.387</b>	.535	<b>.350</b>
	BoxE	.400	.472	.541	.451	.238	.374	<b>.538</b>	.337
	RotatE	.428	.492	.571	.476	.241	.375	.533	.338
	TransE	.013	.401	.529	.223	.233	.372	.531	.332
Bilinear	DistMult	-	-	.531	.452	-	-	.531	.343
	ComplEx	-	-	<b>.547</b>	<b>.475</b>	-	-	.536	.348
	TuckER	<b>.443</b>	<b>.482</b>	.526	.470	<b>.266</b>	<b>.394</b>	<b>.544</b>	<b>.358</b>

Benchmark	Dimensionality	ExpressivE	BoxE	RotatE
WN18RR	500	<b>467MB</b>	930MB	930MB
FB15k-237	1000	<b>366MB</b>	687MB	687MB

Best-published MRR and Hit@K:

BoxE: (Abboud et al., 2020)

TransE and RotatE: (Sun et al., 2019)

TuckER: (Balazevic et al., 2019)

DistMult and ComplEx: (Ruffinelli et al., 2020; Yang et al., 2015b)

Extension of ExpressivE: SpeedE

# Extension of ExpressivE: SpeedE

- Theoretical analysis revealed that we can

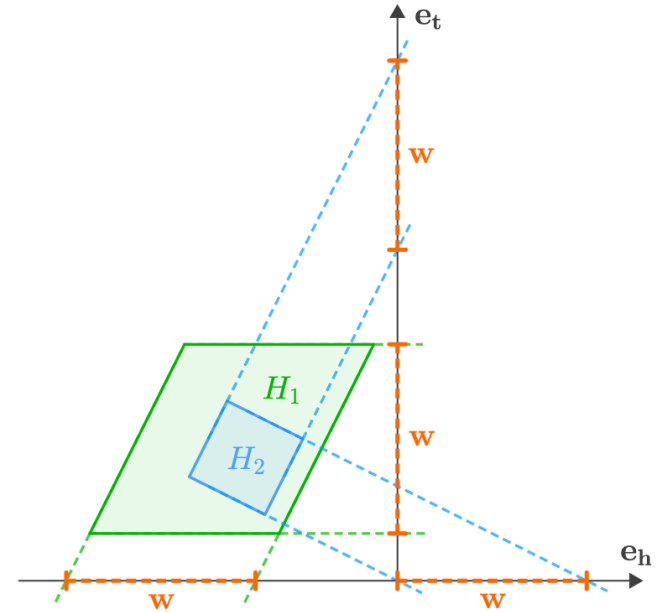


# Extension of ExpressivE: SpeedE

- Theoretical analysis revealed that we can
  - Simplify the model

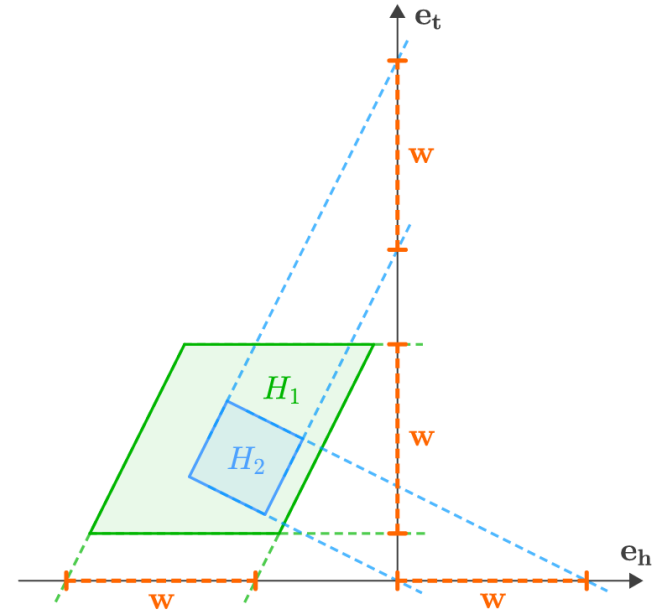
# Extension of ExpressivE: SpeedE

- Theoretical analysis revealed that we can
  - Simplify the model



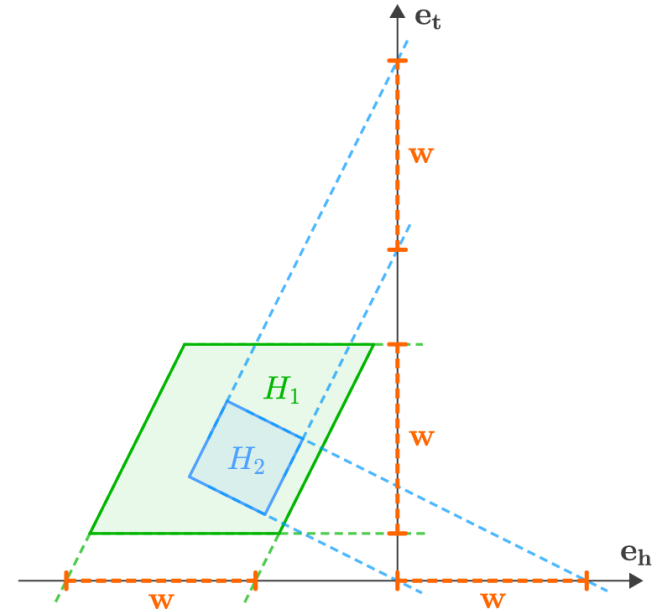
# Extension of ExpressivE: SpeedE

- Theoretical analysis revealed that we can
  - Simplify the model
  - Define a more flexible distance function



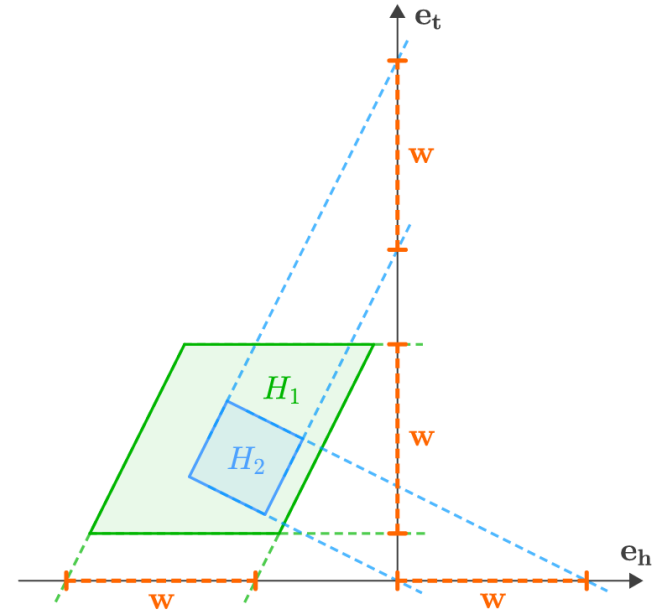
# Extension of ExpressivE: SpeedE

- Theoretical analysis revealed that we can
  - Simplify the model
  - Define a more flexible distance function
  - Preserve geometrical interpretation



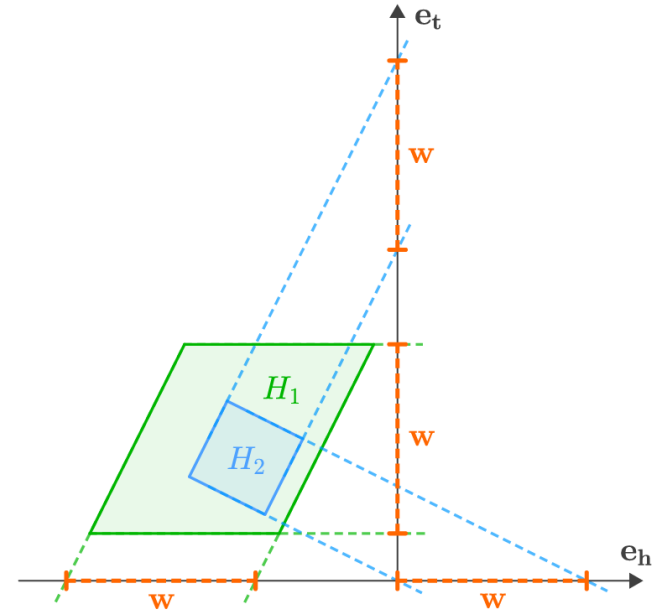
# Extension of ExpressivE: SpeedE

- Theoretical analysis revealed that we can
  - Simplify the model
  - Define a more flexible distance function
  - Preserve geometrical interpretation
- SpeedE's advancements



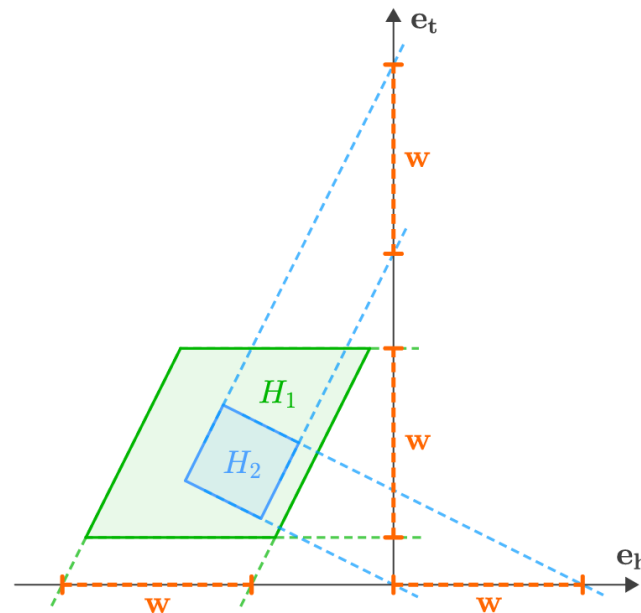
# Extension of ExpressivE: SpeedE

- Theoretical analysis revealed that we can
  - Simplify the model
  - Define a more flexible distance function
  - Preserve geometrical interpretation
- SpeedE's advancements
  - **Higher scalability**



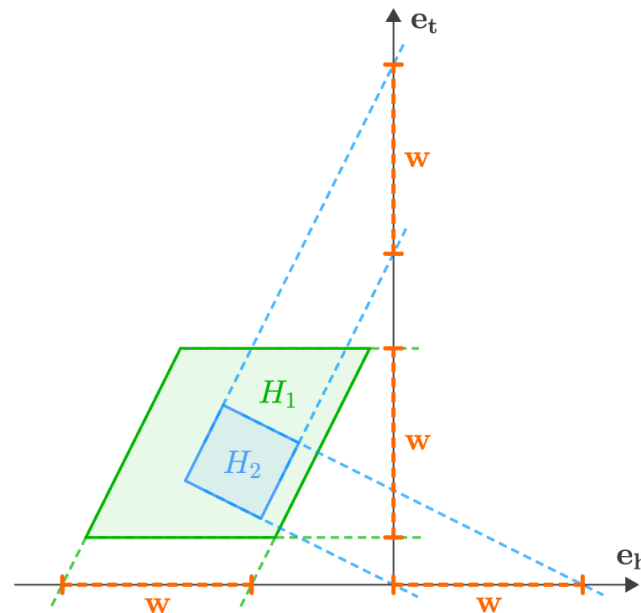
# Extension of ExpressivE: SpeedE

- Theoretical analysis revealed that we can
  - Simplify the model
  - Define a more flexible distance function
  - Preserve geometrical interpretation
- SpeedE's advancements
  - **Higher scalability**
  - Increased space and time efficiency
    - Allows application in **low-resource** settings



# Extension of ExpressivE: SpeedE

- Theoretical analysis revealed that we can
  - Simplify the model
  - Define a more flexible distance function
  - Preserve geometrical interpretation
- SpeedE's advancements
  - **Higher scalability**
  - Increased space and time efficiency
    - Allows application in **low-resource** settings
  - Increased KGC prediction performance
    - Especially for **low-dimensional** embeddings





# SpeedE: Low-Dimensional KGC

---

Space	Model	WN18RR				FB15k-237				YAGO3-10			
		MRR	H@1	H@3	H@10	MRR	H@1	H@3	H@10	MRR	H@1	H@3	H@10

**Best-published MRR and H@K are from:**

SpeedE, Min\_SpeedE, ExpressivE: Benchmarked by us

ConE: (Baietal.,2021)

HAKE and RotatE: (Zheng etal.,2022)

TuckER: (Wangetal.,2021)

The rest: (Chamietal.,2020).











# SpeedE: Space and Time Efficiency

Model	Dim.	MRR	Conv. Time	#Parameters
SpeedE	<b>50</b>	<b>.500</b>	<b>6min</b>	<b>2M</b>
ExpressivE	200	<b>.500</b>	31min	8M
HAKÉ	500	.497	50min	41M
ConE	500	.496	1.5h	20M
RotH	500	.496	2h	21M

# SpeedE: Space and Time Efficiency

Model	Dim.	MRR	Conv. Time	#Parameters
SpeedE	<b>50</b>	<b>.500</b>	<b>6min</b>	<b>2M</b>
ExpressivE	200	<b>.500</b>	31min	8M
HAKE	500	.497	50min	41M
ConE	500	.496	1.5h	20M
RotH	500	.496	2h	21M



# SpeedE: Space and Time Efficiency

Model	Dim.	MRR	Conv. Time	#Parameters
SpeedE	<b>50</b>	<b>.500</b>	<b>6min</b>	<b>2M</b>
ExpressivE	200	<b>.500</b>	31min	8M
HAKE	500	.497	50min	41M
ConE	500	.496	1.5h	20M
RotH	500	.496	2h	21M

Model	Time per Epoch		
	WN18RR	FB15k-237	YAGO3-10
SpeedE	7s	22s	88s
ExpressivE	15s	46s	185s
RotH	42s	112s	520s
AttH	43s	113s	533s

# Summary

# Summary

- ExpressivE: A spatio-functional KGE that

# Summary

- ExpressivE: A spatio-functional KGE that
  - is **fully expressive** (first among functional KGEs)

# Summary

- ExpressivE: A spatio-functional KGE that
  - is **fully expressive** (first among functional KGEs)
  - captures composition **and** hierarchy jointly

# Summary

- ExpressivE: A spatio-functional KGE that
  - is **fully expressive** (first among functional KGEs)
  - captures composition **and** hierarchy jointly
  - captures **general** composition

# Summary

- ExpressivE: A spatio-functional KGE that
  - is **fully expressive** (first among functional KGEs)
  - captures composition **and** hierarchy jointly
  - captures **general** composition
  - allows for an **intuitive** geometric interpretation

# Summary

- ExpressivE: A spatio-functional KGE that
  - is **fully expressive** (first among functional KGEs)
  - captures composition **and** hierarchy jointly
  - captures **general** composition
  - allows for an **intuitive** geometric interpretation
  
- SpeedE: A resource-efficient KGE that



# Summary

- ExpressivE: A spatio-functional KGE that
  - is **fully expressive** (first among functional KGEs)
  - captures composition **and** hierarchy jointly
  - captures **general** composition
  - allows for an **intuitive** geometric interpretation
  
- SpeedE: A resource-efficient KGE that
  - needs a **fourth** of ExpressivE's parameters and

# Summary

- ExpressivE: A spatio-functional KGE that
  - is **fully expressive** (first among functional KGEs)
  - captures composition **and** hierarchy jointly
  - captures **general** composition
  - allows for an **intuitive** geometric interpretation
  
- SpeedE: A resource-efficient KGE that
  - needs a **fourth** of ExpressivE's parameters and
  - a **fifth** of ExpressivE's training time to reach

# Summary

- ExpressivE: A spatio-functional KGE that
  - is **fully expressive** (first among functional KGEs)
  - captures composition **and** hierarchy jointly
  - captures **general** composition
  - allows for an **intuitive** geometric interpretation
  
- SpeedE: A resource-efficient KGE that
  - needs a **fourth** of ExpressivE's parameters and
  - a **fifth** of ExpressivE's training time to reach
  - the **same** KGC performance on WN18RR

# Summary

- ExpressivE: A spatio-functional KGE that
  - is **fully expressive** (first among functional KGEs)
  - captures composition **and** hierarchy jointly
  - captures **general** composition
  - allows for an **intuitive** geometric interpretation
  
- SpeedE: A resource-efficient KGE that
  - needs a **fourth** of ExpressivE's parameters and
  - a **fifth** of ExpressivE's training time to reach
  - the **same** KGC performance on WN18RR
  - reaching SotA performance with **low-dimensional** embeddings

ExpressivE, ICLR 2023



Thank you

[aleksandar.pavlovic@tuwien.ac.at](mailto:aleksandar.pavlovic@tuwien.ac.at)

SpeedE, NAACL 2024

